

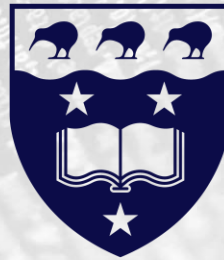
JWT WTF?

A Look Into Common JWT Vulnerabilities

05/09/2025



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whoami

- Lead Security Consultant at Bastion Security
- Pentester for over 6 years
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Agenda

- What is a JWT?
- Common attacks against JWTs
- ~~Live Demo~~ Pre-Recorded Demo
- Security best practices
- Q&A



What is a JWT?

- A way of representing information between parties
 - Commonly used for Authentication and Authorisation
- Digitally signed - trusted and verifiable
- Consists of a header, payload and signature

```
eyJhbGciOiJIUzI1NiIsInR5cCI6IkpXVCJ9.eyJzdWIiOiIxMjM0NTY3ODkwIiwibmFtZSI6IkpvaG4gRG9lIiwiaWF0IjoxNTE2MjM5MDIyfQ.SflKxwRJSMeKKF2QT4fwpMeJf36P0k6yJV_adQssw5c
```

HEADER: ALGORITHM & TOKEN TYPE

```
{  "alg": "HS256",  "typ": "JWT"}
```

PAYLOAD: DATA

```
{  "sub": "1234567890",  "name": "John Doe",  "iat": 1516239022}
```

VERIFY SIGNATURE

```
HMACSHA256(  
  base64UrlEncode(header) + "." +  
  base64UrlEncode(payload),  
  your-256-bit-secret  
) ☐ secret base64 encoded
```

JWT



**JSON
WEB TOKEN**



JWT TOKEN



**JSON WEB
TOKEN TOKEN**



What Can We Attack?

- Header - Algorithm
- Payload - User Claims
- Signature
- The entire token - Replay attacks

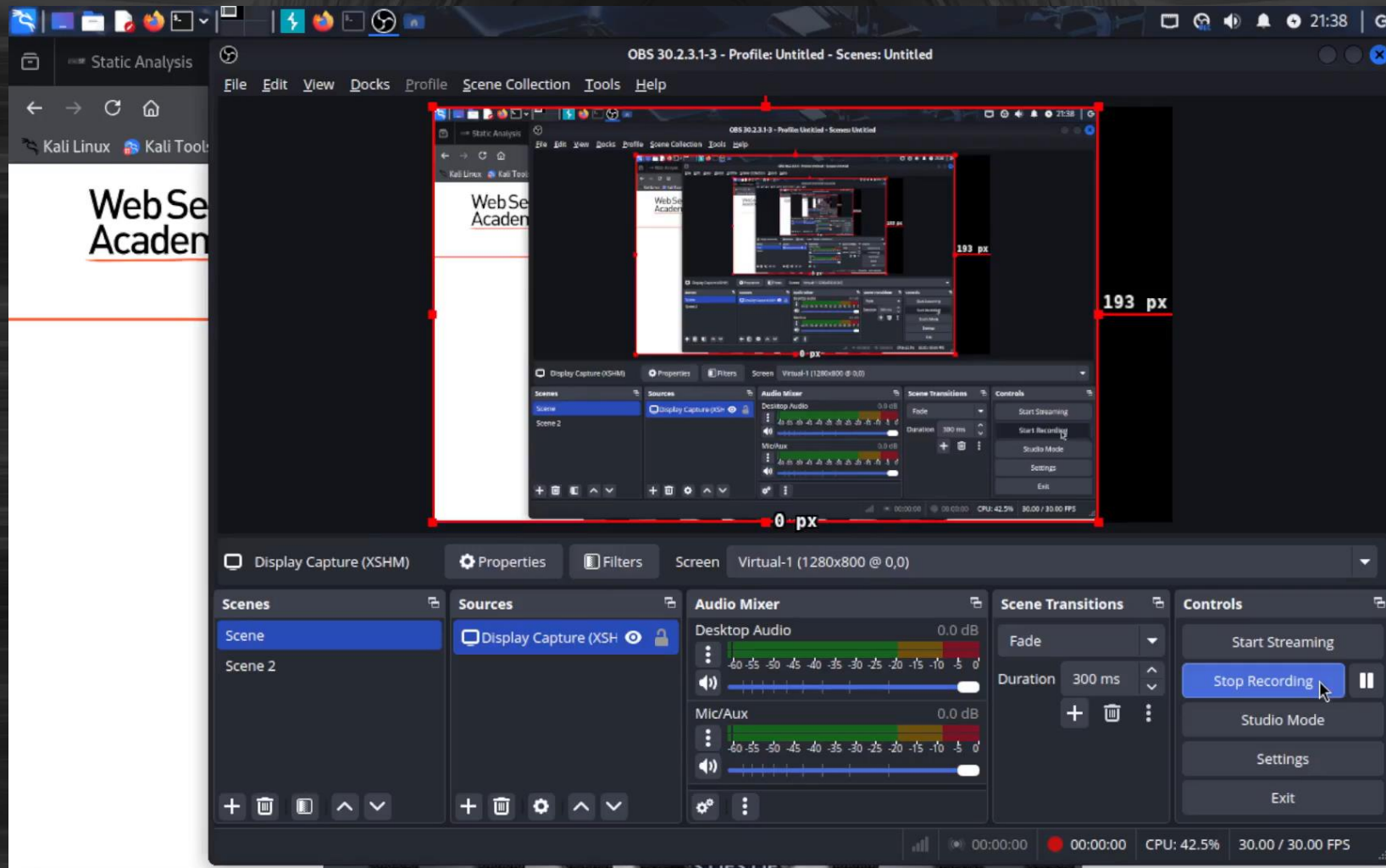


No Verification

- Vulnerability: Server does not validate the signature at all.
- Attack: Change the JWT claim as you see fit!



Demo

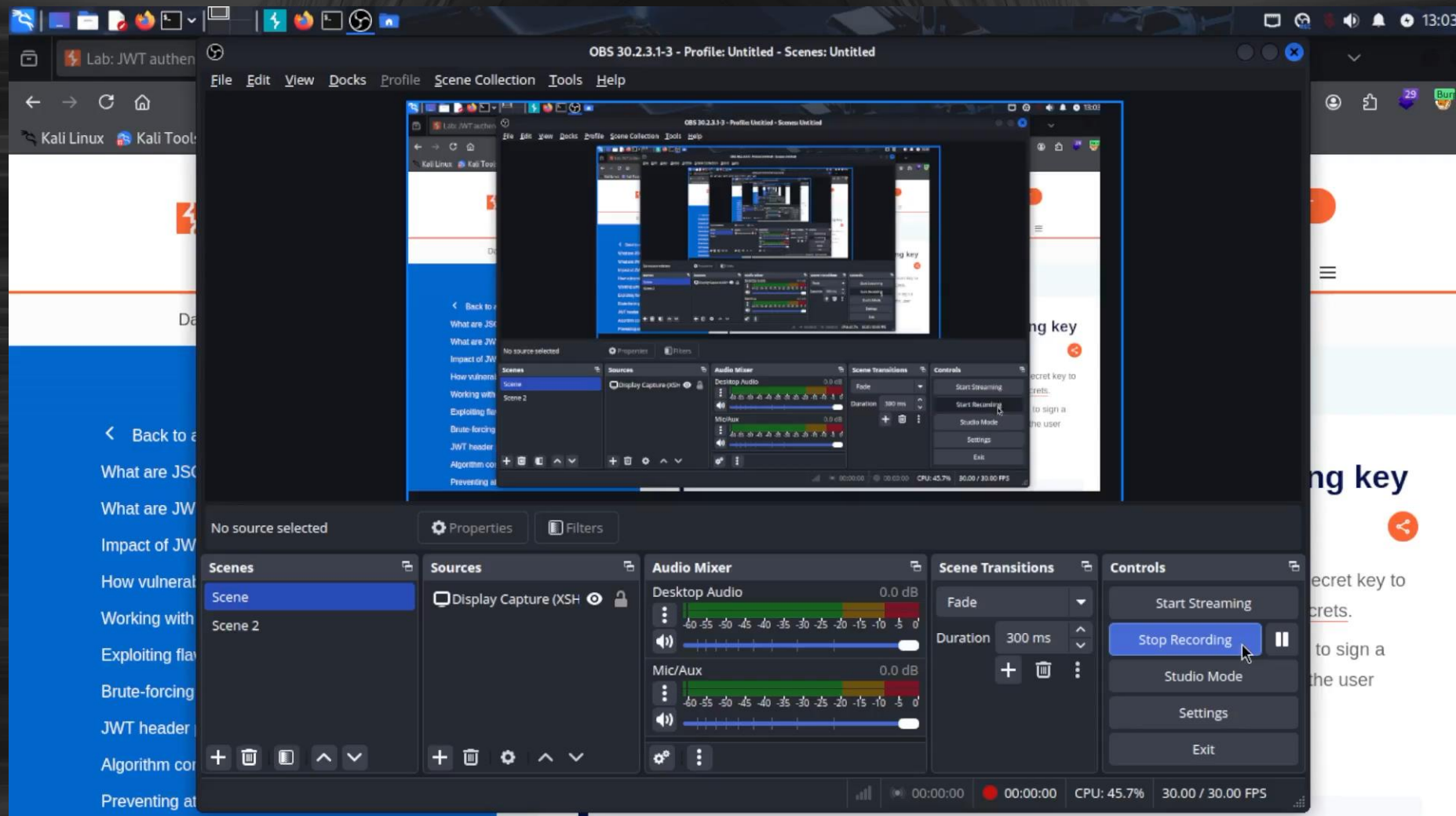


Weak Secret Key

- Vulnerability: When the HMAC algorithm is used with a weak secret key.
- Attack: Using a valid JWT, we can bruteforce it to get the secret.
- Using this secret, we can sign our own valid tokens.



Demo

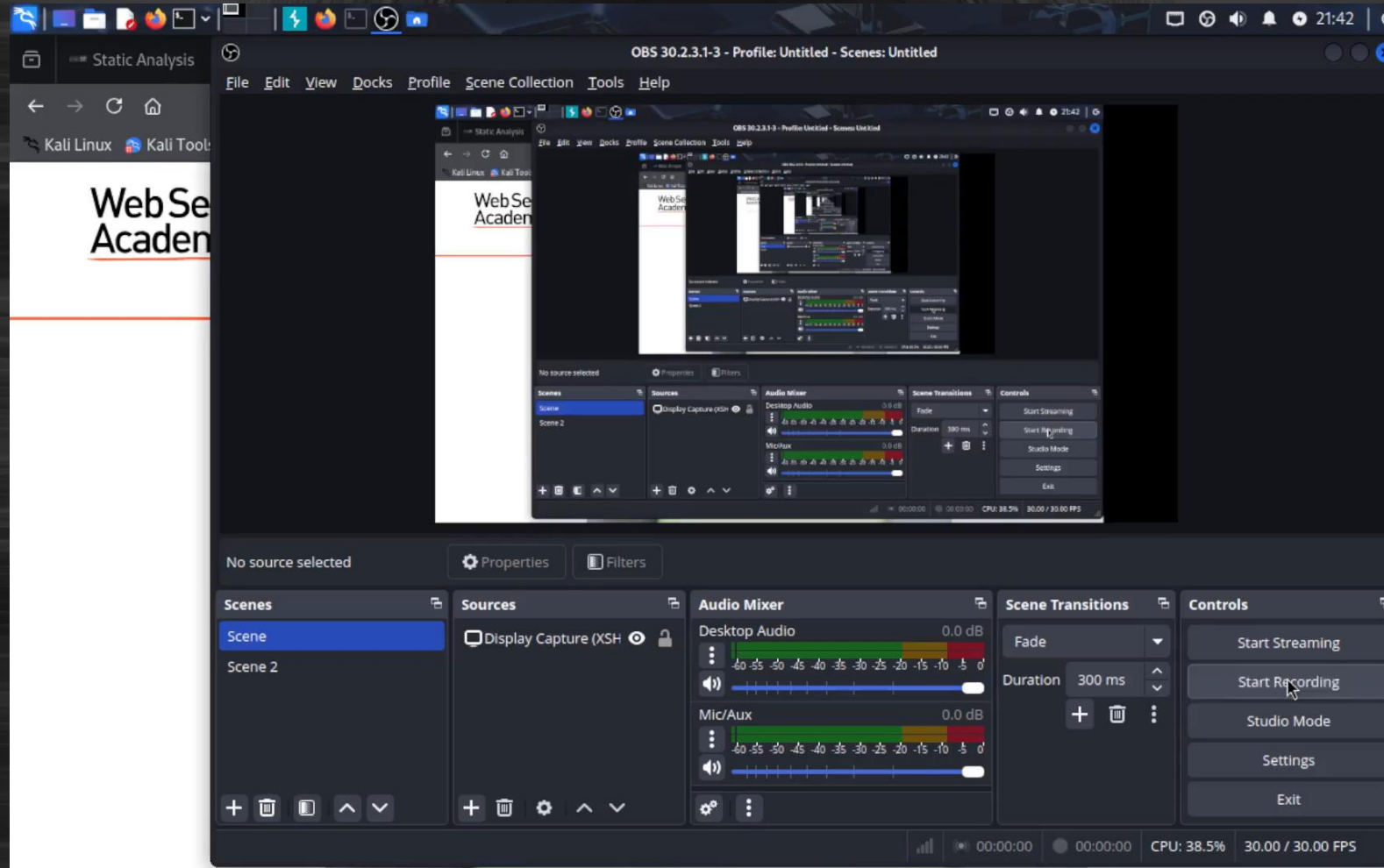


alg: none

- Vulnerability: Server accepts unsigned tokens
- Attack: Change header to { "alg": "none" } and remove the signature
- Profit?



Demo



sPoNgEbOb yOuR wAy tO vlcToRy

- Avoid denylisting - Fix the root cause.
- Auth0 - [JWT Validation Bypass in Authentication API](#)

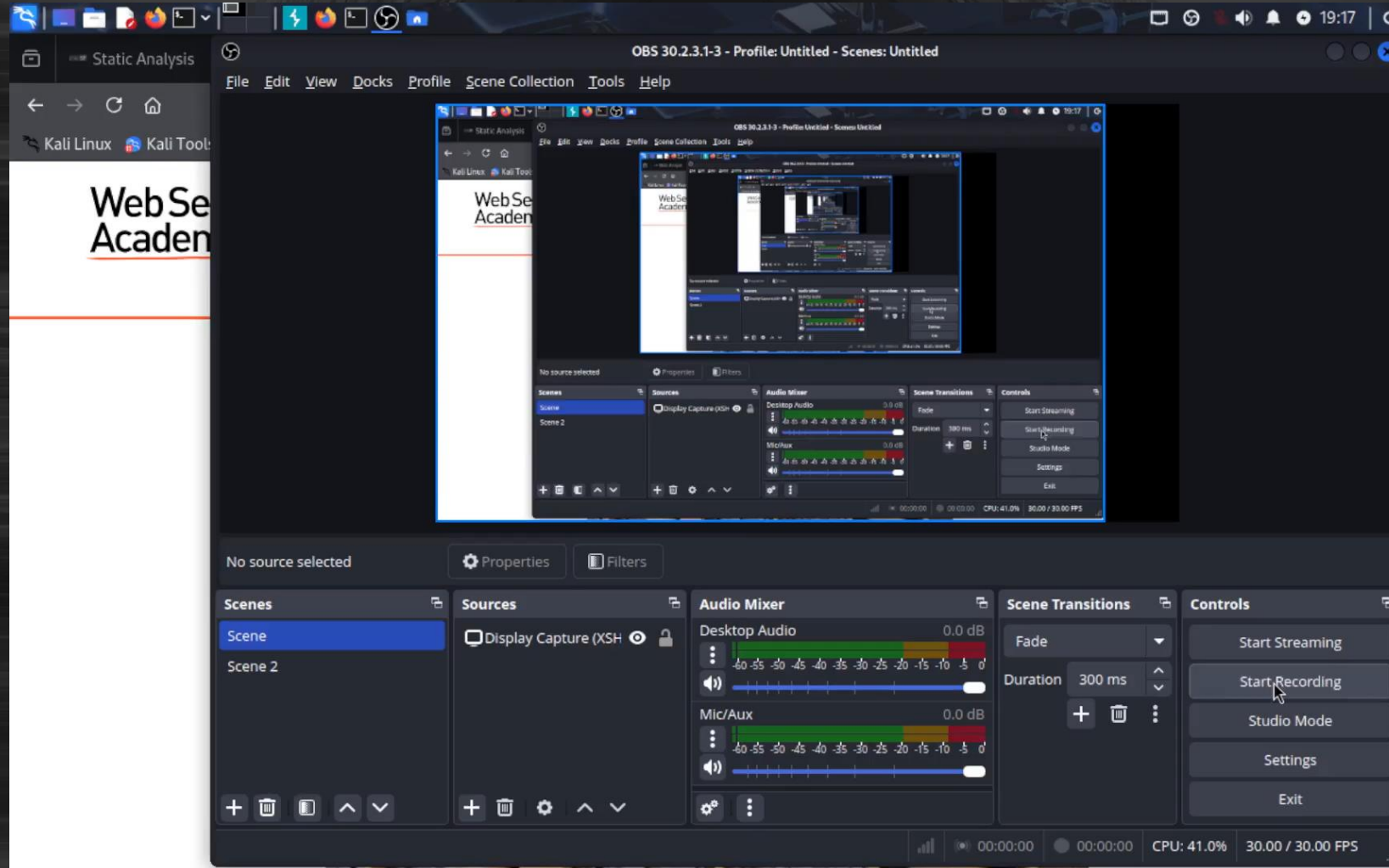


Key Confusion

- Arises when JWT libraries use a single method for verifying signatures.
- We can force the server to use the HMAC symmetric algorithm instead of RSA
- In a flawed implementation, we can use the server's public key to sign JWTs.
- Since the server uses the same public key to verify the JWT, we can create valid JWTs.



Demo



So How To Secure?

- Use proven libraries and keep them updated
 - Stick with battle-tested libraries
- Use strong, modern algorithms such as RS256
 - Explicitly reject alg: none and all its variants - don't rely on library defaults
- Always treat user input as untrusted
 - Validate all claims on the server-side
- Do security reviews.
 - Peer Reviews, Penetration Testing, SCA/SAST Tooling.



Questions?

